Science and Politics at War: A Covid Case Study

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Who am I?

- ER doctor at SJMC
- Regional Medical Director of Quality, Emergency Medicine
- Medical Director of Sepsis, CHI Franciscan
- President of the Washington State Medical Association
- Past President of Washington Chapter of the American College of Emergency Physicians
- Former State Senator, recovering attorney, MBA nerd



FDA Drug Review Steps

https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drug-informationconsumers/fdas-drug-review-process-continued

- **1**. Preclinical (animal) testing.
- 2. An investigational new drug application (IND) outlines what the sponsor of a new drug proposes for human testing in clinical trials.
- 3. Phase 1 studies (typically involve 20 to 80 people).
- 4. Phase 2 studies (typically involve a few dozen to about 300 people).
- 5. Phase 3 studies (typically involve several hundred to about 3,000 people).
- 6. The pre-NDA period, just before a new drug application (NDA) is submitted. A common time for the FDA and drug sponsors to meet.
- 7. Submission of an NDA is the formal step asking the FDA to consider a drug for marketing approval.
- 8. After an NDA is received, the FDA has 60 days to decide whether to file it so it can be reviewed.
- 9. If the FDA files the NDA, an FDA review team is assigned to evaluate the sponsor's research on the drug's safety and effectiveness.
- 10. The FDA reviews information that goes on a drug's professional <u>labeling</u> (information on how to use the drug).
- **11**. The FDA inspects the facilities where the drug will be manufactured as part of the approval process.
- **12**. FDA reviewers will approve the application or issue a complete response letter.

FDA Drug Review Timeline

https://www.drugs.com/fda-approvalprocess.html • Total Time – 12 years

- Research and Testing Phase (steps 1-6) 10 Years
- NDA Process (Steps 7-12) 6 to 10 months

• Total Cost – \$350 million

FDA Emergency Use Authorization

- Four criteria to meet:
 - Serious or life-threatening disease or condition
 - Evidence of effectiveness
 - Risk-benefit analysis (some evidence / research)
 - No alternatives
- Currently
 - 200+ EUA for COVID Testing
 - 40+ PPE and Devices
 - 3 Drugs
 - Hydroxychloroquine (revoked)
 - Remdesivir
 - Convalescent plasma NIH opposes

Operation Warp Speed

• Part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act that has 10 Billion dollars to accelerate vaccine development

Public Private Partnership

- Johnson & Johnson (Janssen Pharmaceutical)[14]
- AstraZeneca–University of Oxford[15] and Vaccitech[14]
- Pfizer-BioNTech[18]
- Moderna[14]
- Merck and IAVI[14]
- Vaxart[14]
- Inovio[22]
- Novavax[17]
- Sanofi and GSK[21]

• First vaccine – October Surprise? November Election? New Year?



- Society is increasingly refusing to trust experts
 - Doctors COVID 19, Vaccines, Obesity, ...
 - Scientists Climate Change
 - Government Everything?
- Growth of personal experts
 - I can research and find my own truth
 - If you can't answer my questions, you don't know

Medicine as Science

• Medicine is both Art **AND** Science

- Ethics mean we cannot do many scientific experiments on humans
- Thus medicine draws on prior studies, indirect information
 - Masks efficacy example droplet size and stop versus direct infection
 - Decadron study for severe disease versus minor / moderate
- Lack of all answers, does not mean no answers

"Experts" Doing Damage







Evaluating Scientific Claims • Confirmation Bias – You and the writer

- Look for Red Flags
 - Does it depart from all prior knowledge and research?
 - Are the promises almost unbelievable?
 - Is it a reliable source?
 - Is the source data in a peer reviewed journal?
 - Is the source a reliable expert on the subject?
 - For treatments, is it double blinded randomized trial?
 - Are the results statistically and significant?
 - Are the endpoints ones that matter?

Politics and COVID

- Vaccines and anti-vaxxers
- Counting Deaths
- Masks and social distancing
- Closing the economy
- Miracle treatments (hydroxychloroquine)
- School openings

Perspective on Career / Vocation

- Did you always feel called to be a doctor?
- How did you know you should do this work?
- How did PLU prepare you for this work?
- What unique contributions has your generation made and what contributions do you see from other generations?
- What communities do you belong to and how do they enhance your work?
- How has your understanding of your vocation and service changed over time?
- What have you discovered about yourself and your work during the past year?

